

10 technology trends to watch in the COVID-19 pandemic

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Online Shopping and Robot Deliveries

- In late 2002, the SARS outbreak led to a tremendous growth of both business-tobusiness and business-to-consumer <u>online</u> <u>marketplace platforms in China</u>.
- Similarly, COVID-19 has transformed online shopping from a nice-to-have to a musthave around the world. Some bars in Beijing have even continued to offer <u>happy</u> <u>hours</u> through online orders and delivery.

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Digital and Contactless Payments



<u>Cash might carry the virus, so central</u> <u>banks in China, US and South Korea</u> have implemented various measures to ensure banknotes are clean before they go into circulation.

Work from home (remotely)

Many companies have asked employees to <u>work from home</u>. Remote work is enabled by <u>technologies</u> including virtual private networks (VPNs), voice over internet protocols (VoIPs), virtual meetings, cloud technology, work collaboration tools and even facial recognition technologies that enable a person to appear before a virtual background to preserve the privacy of the home.

Distance Learning

As of mid-April, <u>191 countries</u> announced or implemented school or university closures, impacting 1.57 billion students. Many educational institutions started offering courses online to ensure education was not disrupted by quarantine measures. Technologies involved in distant learning are similar to those for remote work and also include virtual reality, augmented reality, 3D printing and artificialintelligence-enabled robot teachers.

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Telehealth

<u>Telehealth</u> can be an effective way to contain the spread of COVID-19 while still providing essential primary care. <u>Wearable personal</u> <u>IoT devices</u> can track vital signs. <u>Chatbots</u> can make initial diagnoses based on symptoms identified by patients.



Online Entertainment



Although quarantine measures have reduced in-person interactions significantly, human creativity has brought the party online. <u>Cloud</u> <u>raves</u> and online streaming of concerts have gain traction around the world.



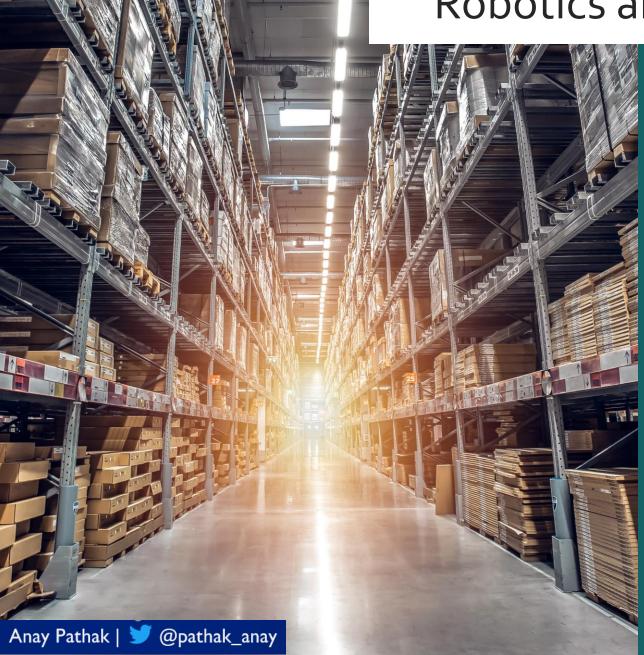
The COVID-19 pandemic has created disruptions to the global supply chain. With distancing and quarantine orders, some factories are completely shut down. While demand for food and personal protective equipment soar, some countries have implemented different levels of <u>export bans</u> on those items.

Printing (3D/Color)

3D printing technology has been deployed to mitigate shocks to the supply chain and export bans on personal protective equipment.



Robotics and Drones



COVID-19 makes the world realize how heavily we rely on human interactions to make things work. Labor intensive businesses, such as retail, food, manufacturing and logistics are the worst hit.

5G and Information and Communications Technology (ICT)

All the aforementioned technology trends rely on a stable, high-speed and affordable internet. While 5G has demonstrated its importance in remote monitoring and healthcare consultation, the rollout of 5G is <u>delayed</u> in Europe at the time when the technology may be needed the most.



The importance of digital readiness



COVID-19 has demonstrated the importance of digital readiness, which allows business and life to continue as usual – as much as possible – during pandemics. Building the necessary infrastructure to support a digitized world and stay current in the latest technology will be essential for any business or country to remain competitive in a post-COVID-19 world, as well as take a humancentred and inclusive approach to technology governance.

Credit: <u>https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2020/04/10-technology-</u> <u>trends-coronavirus-covid19-pandemic-robotics-telehealth/</u>

